

SIX ENTER RACE TO SUCCEED CARRANZA

Mexico's President Cannot Be Candidate—Election In July, 1920

GENERALS VS. CIVILIANS
Obregon, Gonzalez, Alvarado, Cabrera, Palavicini and Berlanga in Contest.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Six candidates are in the field for the Presidency of Mexico at the election in July, 1920, despite President Carranza's request that politics be put aside for the present. The candidates are: Gen. Alvaro Obregon, Gen. Gonzales, Gen. Alvarado, Gen. Cabrera, Gen. Palavicini and Gen. Berlanga.

The candidates already in the field, either personally or through their friends, are Gen. Obregon, Gen. Gonzales and Gen. Alvarado on the military side, and Luis Cabrera, Felix Palavicini and Aguirre Berlanga on the civilian side.

Gen. Obregon's popularity rests largely on the fact that he is the only officer who has defeated the bandit Villa in battle. Some time ago Obregon was in close contact with a number of business men of the United States and it is reported that he is more friendly toward this country than his competitors.

Gen. Gonzalez directed the operations which resulted recently in the defeat and capture of the bandit leader, Zapata, which, it is said, has increased greatly his popularity. He is friendly toward the United States, having been the only man of prominence who openly approved President Wilson's address to Congress in support of his visit to Washington last year.

Gen. Alvarado is known principally for his administration of Yucatan, where he put state socialism into operation. He is the most ardent supporter of Carranza. Carranza, who was appointed Secretary of Finance recently, has been known to be hostile to the United States and failed utterly in his efforts during the war to align the other Latin-American countries against this country. Since then he has publicly stated that his eyes have been opened and he does not consider the United States a foe of Mexico.

Berlanga, as Minister of the Interior, has charge of all the electoral machinery and is the link between the Federal Government and the various States governments, which is considered as giving him an excellent strategic position. He is reported to have been strongly pro-German during the war.

Felix Palavicini is the editor of *El Financiero* and was consistently pro-Allied throughout the war. He carried his campaign against the German influence to such an extreme that he was forced to flee the country. He went to New York and was not permitted to return and resume his editorial work until the armistice was signed.

MEXICAN BANDITS
K' NEW YORK MAN

Mrs. E. L. Du Fourc Hears of Husband's Death.

The National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, 847 Fifth avenue, announced yesterday that the name of another American citizen murdered by Mexican bandits has just been added to the list. He was Edward L. Du Fourc, 47 years old, a New Yorker, prominent as a mining engineer, a member of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and for years identified with Mexico ore interests.

His wife, Mrs. Edith Mason Du Fourc, had returned to this city on Monday to settle up business affairs of her husband after having been with him in Mexico for the last five months. She was ignorant of the fate that had overtaken him until she received telegrams of condolence yesterday afternoon from friends in that country. Considerably alarmed, she telephoned to the vice-president of the Tezuitlan Copper Company of 42 Beaver street, with which her husband had been connected for the last two years as assistant general manager at Tezuitlan, State of Puebla, Mexico.

From the vice-president she learned the details of the outrage perpetrated on her husband, which were later borne out by a telegram of confirmation. Her husband, accompanied by a *deserve* engineer named Orestes Galtman, business manager of the concern, had set out on the company's railroad line Wednesday noon between Tezuitlan and the copper mines, twelve miles away, for the purpose of testing a new railway motor car driven by gasoline. About four miles from the mine they were attacked by a band of Mexican outlaws believed to be Zapata and seriously wounded in the fight that ensued.

Du Fourc's injuries caused his death, and the brigands, apparently frightened by this, left the American near the station, together with his unconscious comrade. They were discovered there on Thursday by employees of the mining company.

It was believed that the object of the raid was ransom, since Mrs. Du Fourc stated that once the outrage near the station, together with his unconscious comrade. They were discovered there on Thursday by employees of the mining company.

UKRAINIANS SLAYING JEWS.
Polish Committee Hears of New Executions in Galicia.

PARIS, April 18.—Detachments of the command of Gen. Petture, the Ukrainian peasant leader, have been carrying out executions against the Jews in Galicia, according to information reaching the Polish National Committee here. At Husiatyn and Fastov, it is declared, 2,500 Jews were killed and wounded. At Papielna 250 are said to have been killed. The Ukrainians are said to have pillaged the Jewish shops at Javoroff, northwest of Lemberg, and to have committed similar excesses at Czorkoff, west of Husiatyn, and at Lowaczyn.

Held for Smuggling a Chinese.

BURLINGTON, Vt., April 18.—Frederick E. Brown, said to be a Canadian, is now in arrest here today charged with violating the United States immigration laws by smuggling a Chinese named Chin Sing from Canada to New Albany.

MISS TROY BITTER AT DEPORTATION

Asserts She Will Appeal to Labor Unions in New York.

HALLFAX, N. S., April 18.—Miss Lilian Scott Troy of San Francisco, recently deported from England, arrived here today on the steamer *Arcturion*, en route to New York. She will complete the trip on the steamship, which will proceed to New York tomorrow morning.

Miss Troy, whose alleged friendship for Baron Lewis von Horst, formerly of San Francisco and interned by the British Government in August, 1914, is understood to have been one of the causes for her deportation, was bitter in her denunciation of British officials. She asserted that she had been persecuted by the British.

"During the past four years," she continued, "I have been always haunted by agents of Scotland Yard. Large business interests kept me in England, and I have lost heavily. Several times the American Consul intervened to save me, but the embassy remained apathetic.

"I never had the courage to make any definite charge against me. They said that the defense of the realm act enabled them to deport any one who might be claimed upon the slightest grounds, as dangerous to the nation.

"I am going to have all this matter out when I reach the United States. I shall insist that the American union of New York of my treatment, England now is something like Russia, when the secret police used to go to the door of every man and woman. I am convinced that there is a revolution coming in England, and it will be the fault of three men in the executive department of the police and two men in the administrative department.

STORMS AGAIN HOLD UP ST. JOHN'S FLIERS

Continued from First Page.

has been able to assemble his Martin-biplane in the period his Australian competitor has been held up by inclement conditions, announced today by the State of New York. The biplane, which it is said, has increased greatly his popularity. He is friendly toward the United States, having been the only man of prominence who openly approved President Wilson's address to Congress in support of his visit to Washington last year.

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NEW U. S. GENERAL FOR NORTH RUSSIA

Brig-Gen. Richardson Gives Cheering Message From Gen. Pershing to Troops.

By the Associated Press.
ARCHANGEL, April 17 (delayed).—Brig-Gen. Wilds P. Richardson, U. S. A., arrived at Archangel today with his staff on board the first big ice breaker which has made its way into the regular Archangel docks since the beginning of winter.

One of the first acts of Gen. Richardson, who comes to take command of the American forces in north Russia, was to make public to the American troops a telegram from Gen. Pershing, calling upon them to maintain their morale.

[Despatches on April 11 said that a revolt was threatened among American troops on the northern Russian front and that one company had refused to entrain to go to the fighting front. Later despatches say that the morale of the men was restored. The belief was current at the time that the men had become victims of Bolshevik propaganda.]

Gen. Pershing's message as delivered by Brig-Gen. Richardson follows: "Inform our troops that all American records with the praise of the Expeditionary Forces have made. The reputation of the American soldier for valor and his splendid discipline under the most trying conditions have been maintained by every member of the Expeditionary Forces not only to his friends and relations but to all Americans.

"Their comrades in France have not forgotten that the Americans in north Russia are part of the Expeditionary Forces, and we are proud to transmit to you the generous praise of the American people. I feel sure every soldier in northern Russia will join his comrades here in the high resolve of returning to America with unblemished reputations.

"I wish every soldier in northern Russia to know that I fully appreciate that his hardships have continued long after those endured by our soldiers in France, and that every effort is being made to relieve conditions in the north at the earliest possible moment."

Gen. Richardson plans to make a trip to the front as soon as possible.

The Bolsheviks have evacuated the town of Bolshe Ozerki, according to reports received by the allied lines yesterday. The enemy was evidently driven out by the constant shelling to which the Russo-allied artillery has been subjecting the town during the last two weeks, finally making it untenable. The Bolsheviks are reported to have established positions in the woods near by. This bombardment, together with a shortage of supplies due to the thawing roads leading south from Bolshe Ozerki, is seriously impairing the morale of the Bolsheviks, who are now reported to be without reserve provisions. The peasants reported that the troops wanted to leave the front, but that the communists were holding them in place with machine guns posted along the road in their rear.

The enemy's guns from near Bolshe Ozerki shelled the Russo-allied positions last evening for twenty minutes without causing any casualties. The other sectors are generally quiet.

OMSK GOVERNMENT TO BE RECOGNIZED

U. S., Britain, France and Italy to Act, It Is Said, After Peace Treaty Is Signed.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Great interest has been aroused in official and diplomatic circles here, it was learned today, by private advices from London stating that Great Britain, France, Italy and the United States propose to recognize the Omsk Government as the de facto government of non-Bolshevik Russia as soon as the peace treaty is signed and the details incident to it have been concluded.

This proposed solution of the Russian problem is said in these private advices to have been suggested by Premier Lloyd George in discussions of the situation with British and Russian leaders in London. Some officials here after reading the advices suggested that portions of the address of the British Premier in the House of Commons this week could be taken as indicating that the associated Powers had agreed to recognize the Omsk Government.

President Wilson, it was learned authoritatively today, has information that an appearance of Bolshevik strength is now being made through the concentration of armed forces at single points at the sacrifice of the rest of Russia. The President has also been informed, it was said, that Bolsheviks rapidly are losing ground among the peasant class and even in some of the cities and that with the receipt of the food supplies which the associated governments have decided to furnish the movement will quickly collapse.

The Paris conference have been kept advised of the situation in Siberia, where the Omsk Government generally has been successful despite local troubles in the eastern portion, officials said. The London advices are said to point out that the stability of all sections of non-European Russia under the control of non-Bolsheviks had led to the decision to recognize the Omsk Government as de facto.

Distinct improvement in the financial situation in Siberia is indicated in a cablegram received by the Russian Embassy here from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs at Omsk. The cablegram, made public today, asserts that while the ready money in state credit institutions July 1 amounted to only 213,000,000 rubles, at present the ready money in these institutions totals a billion and a half rubles. Payments of taxes and customs are said to have been increased more than twelve times since the Omsk government came into existence.

"Armenia is at your feet. Her women are dying. Her children are abandoned because of no one to care for them. Every one is crying for bread. The paltry sum of \$5 a month will save from starvation one of these unfortunates. Can you pass them by in the very season of life? Please answer the appeal sent you by mail.

All interested directly or indirectly in South American Affairs

Should read the SOUTH AMERICAN SECTION

in The Sun Every Monday Morning

Next Monday's Features:

TRANSPORTATION ROUTES IN BOLIVIA

THE CHILEAN FINANCIAL COMMISSION NOW IN NEW YORK

PANAMA, ITS CITIZENS AND RESOURCES

CHILEAN SOCIAL CONDITIONS

PAN AMERICAN COMMERCIAL CONFERENCE

LATIN AMERICAN COLONY IN NEW YORK

LATIN AMERICAN TRADE INFORMATION

Be Sure to Get The Sun Next Monday Morning

B. Altman & Co.

Men's Hats and Shoes
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FOR SPRING AND EASTERTIDE

The Men's Hat Department

on the First Floor

is specially featuring new assortments of

Men's Hats

Soft Hats \$5.00, 6.00, 8.00 & 12.00
Derby Hats . . 6.00, 8.00 & 10.00

The latest foreign shapes are included at the higher prices.

The Men's Shoe Department

on the SIXTH FLOOR

is specially featuring new assortments of

Men's Balta Low Shoes

These Shoes, made from selected leathers by expert craftsmen, are shown in the most fashionable models for dress and street wear.

Prices \$10.00 to 15.00

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue

34th and 35th Streets New York

AMUSEMENTS

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSORS

EMPIRE 44th St. Eves. at 8:30. **WILLIAM BARRETT'S DEAR GILLETTE** COMEDY FRUTUS

GLOBE 44th St. Eves. at 8:30. **OTIS SKINNER** THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY

HARRIS 44th St. Eves. at 8:30. **Margaret Hilling** Wilton Lachry Robert Edson Katherine Knickerbocker

CURT 44th St. Eves. at 8:30. **Uilo** THE BETTER OLE

COMAN & HARRIS 44th St. Eves. at 8:30. **COMAN & HARRIS** THE HENRY WIDOW

THEATRE 44th St. Eves. at 8:30. **THEATRE** 44th St. Eves. at 8:30

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AMUSEMENTS

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND WITH THEM UNDER THE DIRECTION OF HUBERT

WINTER GARDEN Eves. at 8. Mat. To-day at 2. **MONTE CRISTO**

CENTURY GROVE 40th St. Eves. at 8:30. **MIDNIGHT WHIRL**

LYRIC 42nd St. Eves. at 8:30. **THE UNKNOWN PURPLE**

THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE 42nd St. Eves. at 8:30. **UP IN MABEL'S ROOM**

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